

Year	Module	Focus: Creating Media - Digital Painting
1	1	rocas, creating ricala Digital ranning
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, typing Creating media: Tool, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tools, fill tool, keys, type, space, backspace Data: Object, label, group, search, image, colour, size, shape, more, less, same Programming: Forwards, backwards, left, right, turn, clear, go, instructions, directions, plan, program, change
Objec	tives:	 Describe what different freehand tools do. Use the shape and line tools. Make careful choices when creating a digital picture. Explain why I chose the tools I used. Compare painting on a computer to painting on paper.
Assess criteri year:	sment a for the	 Use technology safely Understand why and how to keep personal information private Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school With support, use technology purposefully to create digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content Begin to explain what algorithms are Begin to create simple programs Begin to debug simple programs Beginning to use logical reasoning to make predictions



Year	Module	Focus: Programming - Moving a Robot
1	2	rocus. rrogramming riorning a nosor
Vocak the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, typing Creating media: Tool, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tools, fill tool, keys, type, space, backspace Data: Object, label, group, search, image, colour, size, shape, more, less, same Programming: Forwards, backwards, left, right, turn, clear, go, instructions, directions, plan, program, change
Objec	tives:	 Explain what a given command will do Act out a given word Combine 'forwards' and 'backwards' commands to make a sequence Combine four direction commands to make sequences Plan a simple program Find more than one solution to a problem
	sment ia for the	 Use technology safely Understand why and how to keep personal information private Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school With support, use technology purposefully to create digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content Begin to explain what algorithms are Begin to create simple programs Begin to debug simple programs Beginning to use logical reasoning to make predictions



Year	Module	Focus: Computing systems and networks – Technology around us
1	3	
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, typing Creating media: Tool, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tools, fill tool, keys, type, space, backspace Data: Object, label, group, search, image, colour, size, shape, more, less, same Programming: Forwards, backwards, left, right, turn, clear, go, instructions, directions, plan, program, change
Objec	tives:	 Identify technology. Identify a computer and its main parts. Use a mouse in different ways. Use a keyboard to type on a computer. Use a keyboard to edit text. Create rules for using technology safely.
Assess criteri year:	sment a for the	 Use technology safely Understand why and how to keep personal information private Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school With support, use technology purposefully to create digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content Begin to explain what algorithms are Begin to create simple programs Begin to debug simple programs Beginning to use logical reasoning to make predictions



Year	Module	Focus: Data and information – Grouping data
1	4	r seas. Para and information - Stouping data
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, typing Creating media: Tool, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tools, fill tool, keys, type, space, backspace Data: Object, label, group, search, image, colour, size, shape, more, less, same Programming: Forwards, backwards, left, right, turn, clear, go, instructions, directions, plan, program, change
Object	tives:	 Label objects. Identify that objects can be counted. Describe objects in different ways. Count objects with the same properties. Compare groups of objects. Answer questions about groups of objects.
Assess criteri year:	sment a for the	 Use technology safely Understand why and how to keep personal information private Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school With support, use technology purposefully to create digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content Begin to explain what algorithms are Begin to create simple programs Begin to debug simple programs Beginning to use logical reasoning to make predictions



Year	Module	Focus: Creating media – Digital writing
1	5	
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, typing Creating media: Tool, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tools, fill tool, keys, type, space, backspace Data: Object, label, group, search, image, colour, size, shape, more, less, same Programming: Forwards, backwards, left, right, turn, clear, go, instructions, directions, plan, program, change
Object	tives:	 Use a computer to write Add and remove text on a computer Identify that the look of text can be changed on a computer Make careful choices when changing text Explain why I used the tools that I chose Compare typing on a computer to writing on paper
Assess criteri year:	sment a for the	 Use technology safely Understand why and how to keep personal information private Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school With support, use technology purposefully to create digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content Begin to explain what algorithms are Begin to create simple programs Begin to debug simple programs Beginning to use logical reasoning to make predictions



Year 1	Module 6	Focus: Programming - Animations
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, typing Creating media: Tool, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tools, fill tool, keys, type, space, backspace Data: Object, label, group, search, image, colour, size, shape, more, less, same Programming: Forwards, backwards, left, right, turn, clear, go, instructions, directions, plan, program, change
Objec	tives:	 Choose a command for a given purpose Show that a series of commands can be joined together Identify the effect of changing a value Explain that each sprite has its own instructions Design the parts of a project Use an algorithm to create a program
	sment a for the	 Use technology safely Understand why and how to keep personal information private Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school With support, use technology purposefully to create digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content Begin to explain what algorithms are Begin to create simple programs Begin to debug simple programs Beginning to use logical reasoning to make predictions



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Year	Module	Focus: Creating media – Digital photography	
2	1	Podds eleding media Digital photography	
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Information technology, double-click, barcode, scanner, device Creating media: Word processor, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, select, font, undo, redo, format, open, edit, capture, image, background, filter Data: Property, value, data set, most, fewest, least, organise, chart, count, diagram Programming: Commands, route, algorithm, program, area, block, start, run, reset, predict, design, sequence, debug, modify, evaluate, code	
Objectives:		 Use a digital device to take a photograph. Make choices when taking a photograph. Describe what makes a good photograph. Decide how photographs can be improved. Use tools to change an image. Recognise that photos can be changed. 	
Assess criteri year:	sment ia for the	 Use technology respectfully Identify where to go for support when they have concerns about content/contact Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology purposefully to organise digital content Use technology purposefully to manipulate digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content independently Use technology purposefully to create digital content Understand the use of algorithms Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Write and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs 	



Year	Module	Focus: Programming - Algorithms
2	2	Focus, Frogramming - Algorithms
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Information technology, double-click, barcode, scanner, device Creating media: Word processor, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, select, font, undo, redo, format, open, edit, capture, image, background, filter Data: Property, value, data set, most, fewest, least, organise, chart, count, diagram Programming: Commands, route, algorithm, program, area, block, start, run, reset, predict, design, sequence, debug, modify, evaluate, code
Objectives:		 Describe a series of instructions as a sequence Explain what happens when we change the order of instructions Use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a program Explain that the programming projects can have code and artwork Design an algorithm Create and debug a program that I have written
Asses: criteri year:	sment a for the	 Use technology respectfully Identify where to go for support when they have concerns about content/contact Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology purposefully to organise digital content Use technology purposefully to manipulate digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content independently Use technology purposefully to create digital content Understand the use of algorithms Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Write and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs



Year	Module	Faces Both and information Birth assess
2	3	Focus: Data and information – Pictograms
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Information technology, double-click, barcode, scanner, device Creating media: Word processor, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, select, font, undo, redo, format, open, edit, capture, image, background, filter Data: Property, value, data set, most, fewest, least, organise, chart, count, diagram Programming: Commands, route, algorithm, program, area, block, start, run, reset, predict, design, sequence, debug, modify, evaluate, code
Objectives:		 Recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts. Recognise that objects can be represented by pictures. Create a pictogram. Select objects by attribute and make comparisons. Recognise that people can be described by attributes. Explain that we can present information using a computer.
	isment ia for the	 Use technology respectfully Identify where to go for support when they have concerns about content/contact Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology purposefully to organise digital content Use technology purposefully to manipulate digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content independently Use technology purposefully to create digital content Understand the use of algorithms Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Write and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs



Year 2	Module 4	Focus: Programming - Quizzes
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Information technology, double-click, barcode, scanner, device Creating media: Word processor, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, select, font, undo, redo, format, open, edit, capture, image, background, filter Data: Property, value, data set, most, fewest, least, organise, chart, count, diagram Programming: Commands, route, algorithm, program, area, block, start, run, reset, predict, design, sequence, debug, modify, evaluate, code
Objectives:		 Explain that a sequence of commands has a start. Explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome. Create a program using a given design. Change a given design. Create a program using my own design. Decide how my project can be improved.
	sment ia for the	 Use technology respectfully Identify where to go for support when they have concerns about content/contact Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology purposefully to organise digital content Use technology purposefully to manipulate digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content independently Use technology purposefully to create digital content Understand the use of algorithms Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Write and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs



Year	Module	Focus: Computing systems and networks – IT around us
2	5	
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Information technology, double-click, barcode, scanner, device Creating media: Word processor, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, select, font, undo, redo, format, open, edit, capture, image, background, filter Data: Property, value, data set, most, fewest, least, organise, chart, count, diagram Programming: Commands, route, algorithm, program, area, block, start, run, reset, predict, design, sequence, debug, modify, evaluate, code
Objectives:		 Recognise the uses and features of information technology Identify the uses of information technology in the school Identify information technology beyond school Explain how information technology helps us Explain how to use information technology safely Recognise that choices are made when using information technology
1	sment ia for the	 Use technology respectfully Identify where to go for support when they have concerns about content/contact Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology purposefully to organise digital content Use technology purposefully to manipulate digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content independently Use technology purposefully to create digital content Understand the use of algorithms Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Write and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs



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Year	Module	Focus: Creating media - Digital music
2	6	. Sous. Greating media. Digital maste
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Information technology, double-click, barcode, scanner, device Creating media: Word processor, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, select, font, undo, redo, format, open, edit, capture, image, background, filter Data: Property, value, data set, most, fewest, least, organise, chart, count, diagram Programming: Commands, route, algorithm, program, area, block, start, run, reset, predict, design, sequence, debug, modify, evaluate, code
Objectives:		 Say how music can make us feel Identify that there are patterns in music Experiment with sound using a computer Use a computer to make a musical pattern Create music for a purpose Review and refine computer work
Assess criteri year:	sment ia for the	 Use technology respectfully Identify where to go for support when they have concerns about content/contact Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology purposefully to organise digital content Use technology purposefully to manipulate digital content Use technology purposefully to store and retrieve digital content independently Use technology purposefully to create digital content Understand the use of algorithms Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Write and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs



Year	Module	
3	1	Focus: Computing systems and networks – Connecting computers
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Digital device, input, process, output, program, digital, connection, network, switch, server, wireless access point, cables, sockets Creating media: Orientation, placeholder, template, layout, content, desktop publishing, copy, paste, import, transition Data: Attribute, table, branching, database, separate, order, compare, decision tree Programming: Blocks, commands, run the code, event, task, order, algorithm, bug, debug, code, error, test
Objec	tives:	 Explain how digital devices function. Identify input and output devices. Recognise how digital devices can change the way we work. Explain how a computer network can be used to share information. Explore how digital devices can be connected. Recognise the physical components of a network.
	sment ia for the	 Use technology responsibly Beginning to identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand what a computer network is and how it functions Design and create content Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplishes given goals (plan and create an animation) Use search technologies effectively Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals Beginning to understand computer networks Explore how sequence, selection and repetition affects programs Use logical reasoning to identify how simple programmes work



Year	Module	
3	2	Focus: Data and information – Branching databases
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Digital device, input, process, output, program, digital, connection, network, switch, server, wireless access point, cables, sockets Creating media: Orientation, placeholder, template, layout, content, desktop publishing, copy, paste, import, transition Data: Attribute, table, branching, database, separate, order, compare, decision tree Programming: Blocks, commands, run the code, event, task, order, algorithm, bug, debug, code, error, test
Objec	tives:	 Create questions with yes/no answers Identify the attributes needed to collect data about an object Create a branching database Explain why it is helpful for a database to be well-structured Plan the structure of a branching database Independently create an identification tool
	sment ia for the	 Use technology responsibly Beginning to identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand what a computer network is and how it functions Design and create content Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplishes given goals (plan and create an animation) Use search technologies effectively Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals Beginning to understand computer networks Explore how sequence, selection and repetition affects programs Use logical reasoning to identify how simple programmes work



Year	Module	
		Focus: Creating media - Stop-frame animation
3	3	
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Digital device, input, process, output, program, digital, connection, network, switch, server, wireless access point, cables, sockets Creating media: Orientation, placeholder, template, layout, content, desktop publishing, copy, paste, import, transition Data: Attribute, table, branching, database, separate, order, compare, decision tree Programming: Blocks, commands, run the code, event, task, order, algorithm, bug, debug, code, error, test
Objectives:		 Explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs. Relate animated movement with a sequence of images. Plan an animation. Identify the need to work consistently and carefully. Review and improve an animation. Evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation.
	sment ia for the	 Use technology responsibly Beginning to identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand what a computer network is and how it functions Design and create content Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplishes given goals (plan and create an animation) Use search technologies effectively Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals Beginning to understand computer networks Explore how sequence, selection and repetition affects programs Use logical reasoning to identify how simple programmes work



Year	Module	Focus: Creating media – Desktop publishing
3	4	Total Coaming Means 2 compressioning
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Digital device, input, process, output, program, digital, connection, network, switch, server, wireless access point, cables, sockets Creating media: Orientation, placeholder, template, layout, content, desktop publishing, copy, paste, import, transition Data: Attribute, table, branching, database, separate, order, compare, decision tree Programming: Blocks, commands, run the code, event, task, order, algorithm, bug, debug, code, error, test
Objectives:		 Recognise how text and images convey information. Recognise that text and layout can be edited. Choose appropriate page settings. Add content to a desktop publishing publication. Consider how different layouts can suit different purposes. Consider the benefits of desktop publishing.
Assess criteri year:	sment ia for the	 Use technology responsibly Beginning to identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand what a computer network is and how it functions Design and create content Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplishes given goals (plan and create an animation) Use search technologies effectively Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals Beginning to understand computer networks Explore how sequence, selection and repetition affects programs Use logical reasoning to identify how simple programmes work



Year	Module	Focus: Programming - Sequencing sounds
3	5	Focus. Frogramming - Sequencing Sounds
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Digital device, input, process, output, program, digital, connection, network, switch, server, wireless access point, cables, sockets Creating media: Orientation, placeholder, template, layout, content, desktop publishing, copy, paste, import, transition Data: Attribute, table, branching, database, separate, order, compare, decision tree Programming: Blocks, commands, run the code, event, task, order, algorithm, bug, debug, code, error, test
Objectives:		 Explore a new programming environment Identify that commands have an outcome Explain that a program has a start Recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order Change the appearance of my project Create a project from a task description
Asses criteri year:	sment a for the	 Use technology responsibly Beginning to identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand what a computer network is and how it functions Design and create content Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplishes given goals (plan and create an animation) Use search technologies effectively Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals Beginning to understand computer networks Explore how sequence, selection and repetition affects programs Use logical reasoning to identify how simple programmes work



Year	Module	Focus: Programming - Events and actions in programs
3	6	
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Digital device, input, process, output, program, digital, connection, network, switch, server, wireless access point, cables, sockets Creating media: Orientation, placeholder, template, layout, content, desktop publishing, copy, paste, import, transition Data: Attribute, table, branching, database, separate, order, compare, decision tree Programming: Blocks, commands, run the code, event, task, order, algorithm, bug, debug, code, error, test
Objectives:		 Explain how a sprite moves in an existing project Create a program to move a sprite in four directions Adapt a program to a new context Develop a program by adding features Identify and fix bugs in a program Design and create a maze-based challenge
1	sment ia for the	 Use technology responsibly Beginning to identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand what a computer network is and how it functions Design and create content Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplishes given goals (plan and create an animation) Use search technologies effectively Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals Beginning to understand computer networks Explore how sequence, selection and repetition affects programs Use logical reasoning to identify how simple programmes work



Year	Module		
4	1	Focus: Computing systems and networks – The Internet	
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Internet, network, router, security, website, webpage, web address, routing, web browser, WWW, content, links, files, download, share, permission, ownership Creating media: Audio, microphone, speaker, input device, output device, podcast, edit, trim, align, layer, import, record, playback, selection, load, save, export, crop, rotate, adjust, hue, saturation, retouch, clone, combine, background, foreground, zoom Data: Layout, input device, sensor, logging, data point, interval, data set, import, export, review Programming: Snippet, repetition, count-controlled loop, value, trace, procedure, infinite loop, forever, duplicate, refine, evaluate	
Objec	rtives:	 Describe the internet as a network of networks. Demonstrate how information is shared across the internet. Discuss why a network needs protecting. Describe networked devices and how they connect. Recognise that the World Wide Web contains websites and web pages. Explain the types of media that can shared on the WWW. Describe how to access websites on the WWW. Evaluate the consequences of unreliable content. 	
	sment ia for the	 Recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour online Identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand how computer networks support communication Select, use and combine internet services Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital recordings) Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital images) Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals, including solving problems Understand computer networks Sequence, selection and repetition in programs 	



Year	Module	Focus: Creating media - Audio production
4	2	rocasi oreaning media. Addis production
Vocal the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Internet, network, router, security, website, webpage, web address, routing, web browser, WWW, content, links, files, download, share, permission, ownership Creating media: Audio, microphone, speaker, input device, output device, podcast, edit, trim, align, layer, import, record, playback, selection, load, save, export, crop, rotate, adjust, hue, saturation, retouch, clone, combine, background, foreground, zoom Data: Layout, input device, sensor, logging, data point, interval, data set, import, export, review Programming: Snippet, repetition, count-controlled loop, value, trace, procedure, infinite loop, forever, duplicate, refine, evaluate
Objec	rtives:	 Identify that sound can be recorded Explain that audio recordings can be edited Recognise the parts of creating a podcast project Apply audio editing skills independently Combine audio to enhance my podcast project Evaluate the effective use of audio
	isment ia for the	 Recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour online Identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand how computer networks support communication Select, use and combine internet services Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital recordings) Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital images) Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals, including solving problems Understand computer networks Sequence, selection and repetition in programs



Year	Module	Focus: Creating media – Photo editing
4	3	
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Internet, network, router, security, website, webpage, web address, routing, web browser, WWW, content, links, files, download, share, permission, ownership Creating media: Audio, microphone, speaker, input device, output device, podcast, edit, trim, align, layer, import, record, playback, selection, load, save, export, crop, rotate, adjust, hue, saturation, retouch, clone, combine, background, foreground, zoom Data: Layout, input device, sensor, logging, data point, interval, data set, import, export, review Programming: Snippet, repetition, count-controlled loop, value, trace, procedure, infinite loop, forever, duplicate, refine, evaluate
Objec	ctives:	 Explain that the composition of digital images can be changed. Explain that colours can be changed in digital images. Explain how cloning can be used in photo editing. Explain that images can be combined. Combine images for a purpose. Evaluate how changes can improve an image.
	isment ia for the	 Recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour online Identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand how computer networks support communication Select, use and combine internet services Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital recordings) Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital images) Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals, including solving problems Understand computer networks Sequence, selection and repetition in programs



Year	Module	
4	4	Focus: Programming – Repetition in shapes
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Internet, network, router, security, website, webpage, web address, routing, web browser, WWW, content, links, files, download, share, permission, ownership Creating media: Audio, microphone, speaker, input device, output device, podcast, edit, trim, align, layer, import, record, playback, selection, load, save, export, crop, rotate, adjust, hue, saturation, retouch, clone, combine, background, foreground, zoom Data: Layout, input device, sensor, logging, data point, interval, data set, import, export, review Programming: Snippet, repetition, count-controlled loop, value, trace, procedure, infinite loop, forever, duplicate, refine, evaluate
Objec	tives:	 Identify that accuracy in programming is important. Create a program in a text-based language. Explain what 'repeat' means. Modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome. Decompose a task into small steps. Create a program that uses count-controlled loops to produce a given outcome.
Asses: criteri year:	sment a for the	 Recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour online Identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand how computer networks support communication Select, use and combine internet services Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital recordings) Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital images) Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals, including solving problems Understand computer networks Sequence, selection and repetition in programs



Year	Module	Focus: Data and information – Data logging
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Vocak the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Internet, network, router, security, website, webpage, web address, routing, web browser, WWW, content, links, files, download, share, permission, ownership Creating media: Audio, microphone, speaker, input device, output device, podcast, edit, trim, align, layer, import, record, playback, selection, load, save, export, crop, rotate, adjust, hue, saturation, retouch, clone, combine, background, foreground, zoom Data: Layout, input device, sensor, logging, data point, interval, data set, import, export, review Programming: Snippet, repetition, count-controlled loop, value, trace, procedure, infinite loop, forever, duplicate, refine, evaluate
Objec	rtives:	 Explain that data gathered over tome can be used to answer questions Use a digital device to collect data automatically Explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over time Recognise how a computer can help us analyse data Identify the data needed to answer questions Use data from sensors to answer questions
	sment ia for the	 Recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour online Identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand how computer networks support communication Select, use and combine internet services Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital recordings) Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital images) Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals, including solving problems Understand computer networks Sequence, selection and repetition in programs



Year	Module	
4	6	Focus: Programming – Repetition
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: Internet, network, router, security, website, webpage, web address, routing, web browser, WWW, content, links, files, download, share, permission, ownership Creating media: Audio, microphone, speaker, input device, output device, podcast, edit, trim, align, layer, import, record, playback, selection, load, save, export, crop, rotate, adjust, hue, saturation, retouch, clone, combine, background, foreground, zoom Data: Layout, input device, sensor, logging, data point, interval, data set, import, export, review Programming: Snippet, repetition, count-controlled loop, value, trace, procedure, infinite loop, forever, duplicate, refine, evaluate
Objec	tives:	 Develop the use of count-controlled loops in a different programming environment Explain that in programming, there are count-controlled loops and infinite loops Develop a design that includes two or more loops which run at the same time Modify an infinite loop in a given program Design a project that includes repetition Create a project that includes repetition
	sment ia for the	 Recognise acceptable and unacceptable behaviour online Identify a range of ways to report concerns Understand how computer networks support communication Select, use and combine internet services Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital recordings) Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (digital images) Collect and present data appropriately Design and write programs that accomplish specific goals, including solving problems Understand computer networks Sequence, selection and repetition in programs



Year	Module		
5	1	Focus: Computing systems and networks - Systems and searching	
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: System, connection, digital, input, process, output, storage, search engine, refine, index, bot, links, search engine optimisation (SEO), content creator, ranking Creating media: Vector, move, resize, duplicate, select, align, modify, layers, group, ungroup, reflection, panning, close up, mid-range, long shot, angle, static, tilt, storyboard, film, review, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, reorder, export, evaluate, share Data: Record, field, sort, group, value, criteria, graph, chart, axis, filter, present Programming: Microcontroller, components, connection, motor, LED, USB, condition, circuit, condition, true, false, implement, operator	
Objec	tives:	 Explain that computers can be connected together to form systems. Recognise the role of computer systems in our lives. Identify how to use a search engine. Describe how search engines select results. Explain how search results are ranked. Recognise why the the order of results is important, and to whom. 	
Assess criteri year:	sment a for the	 Identify how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Beginning to use good judgement when evaluating digital content Understand the purpose of computer systems Understand how computer networks supports collaboration Work collaboratively to select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (video recordings) Analyse and evaluate data Design and write programs to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Understand uses of networks for collaboration and communication Detect and correct errors in programs Experiment using sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs 	



Year	Module	
5	2	Focus: Creating media - Video production
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: System, connection, digital, input, process, output, storage, search engine, refine, index, bot, links, search engine optimisation (SEO), content creator, ranking Creating media: Vector, move, resize, duplicate, select, align, modify, layers, group, ungroup, reflection, panning, close up, mid-range, long shot, angle, static, tilt, storyboard, film, review, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, reorder, export, evaluate, share Data: Record, field, sort, group, value, criteria, graph, chart, axis, filter, present Programming: Microcontroller, components, connection, motor, LED, USB, condition, circuit, condition, true, false, implement, operator
Objec	tives:	 Explain what makes a video effective Use a digital device to record video Capture video using a range of techniques Create a storyboard Identify that a video can be improved Consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video
	sment a for the	 Identify how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Beginning to use good judgement when evaluating digital content Understand the purpose of computer systems Understand how computer networks supports collaboration Work collaboratively to select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (video recordings) Analyse and evaluate data Design and write programs to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Understand uses of networks for collaboration and communication Detect and correct errors in programs Experiment using sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs



Year	Module	
5	3	Focus: Programming – Selection in physical computing
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: System, connection, digital, input, process, output, storage, search engine, refine, index, bot, links, search engine optimisation (SEO), content creator, ranking Creating media: Vector, move, resize, duplicate, select, align, modify, layers, group, ungroup, reflection, panning, close up, mid-range, long shot, angle, static, tilt, storyboard, film, review, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, reorder, export, evaluate, share Data: Record, field, sort, group, value, criteria, graph, chart, axis, filter, present Programming: Microcontroller, components, connection, motor, LED, USB, condition, circuit, condition, true, false, implement, operator
Objec	tives:	 Control a simple circuit connected to a computer. Write a program that includes count-controlled loops. Explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met. Explain that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met. Design a physical project that includes selection. Create a program that controls a physical computing project.
	sment a for the	 Identify how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Beginning to use good judgement when evaluating digital content Understand the purpose of computer systems Understand how computer networks supports collaboration Work collaboratively to select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (video recordings) Analyse and evaluate data Design and write programs to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Understand uses of networks for collaboration and communication Detect and correct errors in programs Experiment using sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs



Year	Module	
5	4	Focus: Data and information – Flat-file databases
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: System, connection, digital, input, process, output, storage, search engine, refine, index, bot, links, search engine optimisation (SEO), content creator, ranking Creating media: Vector, move, resize, duplicate, select, align, modify, layers, group, ungroup, reflection, panning, close up, mid-range, long shot, angle, static, tilt, storyboard, film, review, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, reorder, export, evaluate, share Data: Record, field, sort, group, value, criteria, graph, chart, axis, filter, present Programming: Microcontroller, components, connection, motor, LED, USB, condition, circuit, condition, true, false, implement, operator
Objec	tives:	 Use a form to record information. Compare paper and computer-based databases. Outline how you can answer questions by grouping and then sorting data. Explain that tools can be used to select specific data. Explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually. Use a real-world database to answer questions.
Assess criteri year:	sment a for the	 Identify how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Beginning to use good judgement when evaluating digital content Understand the purpose of computer systems Understand how computer networks supports collaboration Work collaboratively to select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (video recordings) Analyse and evaluate data Design and write programs to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Understand uses of networks for collaboration and communication Detect and correct errors in programs Experiment using sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs



Year	Module		
5	5	Focus: Creating media - Introduction to vector graphics	
Vocab the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: System, connection, digital, input, process, output, storage, search engine, refine, index, bot, links, search engine optimisation (SEO), content creator, ranking Creating media: Vector, move, resize, duplicate, select, align, modify, layers, group, ungroup, reflection, panning, close up, mid-range, long shot, angle, static, tilt, storyboard, film, review, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, reorder, export, evaluate, share Data: Record, field, sort, group, value, criteria, graph, chart, axis, filter, present Programming: Microcontroller, components, connection, motor, LED, USB, condition, circuit, condition, true, false, implement, operator	
Objec	tives:	 Identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes Create a vector drawing by combining shapes Use tools to achieve a desired effect Recognise that vector drawings consist of layers Group objects to make them easier to work with Apply what I have learned about vector drawings 	
Asses: criteri year:	sment a for the	 Identify how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Beginning to use good judgement when evaluating digital content Understand the purpose of computer systems Understand how computer networks supports collaboration Work collaboratively to select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (video recordings) Analyse and evaluate data Design and write programs to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Understand uses of networks for collaboration and communication Detect and correct errors in programs Experiment using sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs 	



Year	Module	
5	6	Focus: Programming – Selection in quizzes
Vocabulary for the year:		Computing systems: System, connection, digital, input, process, output, storage, search engine, refine, index, bot, links, search engine optimisation (SEO), content creator, ranking Creating media: Vector, move, resize, duplicate, select, align, modify, layers, group, ungroup, reflection, panning, close up, mid-range, long shot, angle, static, tilt, storyboard, film, review, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, reorder, export, evaluate, share Data: Record, field, sort, group, value, criteria, graph, chart, axis, filter, present Programming: Microcontroller, components, connection, motor, LED, USB, condition, circuit, condition, true, false, implement, operator
Objec	tives:	 Explain how selection is used in computer programs Relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome Explain how selection directs the flow of a program Design a program that uses selection Create a program that uses selection Evaluate the program
	sment ia for the	 Identify how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Beginning to use good judgement when evaluating digital content Understand the purpose of computer systems Understand how computer networks supports collaboration Work collaboratively to select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Select, use and combine a variety of software to design and create content that accomplish given goals (video recordings) Analyse and evaluate data Design and write programs to solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts Understand uses of networks for collaboration and communication Detect and correct errors in programs Experiment using sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs



Year	Module	
6	1	Focus: Computing systems and networks - Communication and collaboration
Vocak the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Communication, protocol, data, address, internet protocol (IP), domain name server (DNS), packet, header, data payload, chat, explore, slide deck, remix, collaboration, public, private, one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many Creating media: Hypertext markup language (HTML), logo, header, copyright, fair use, homepage, preview, navigation, hyperlink, subpage, external link, embed, perspective, handles, lift, lower, recolour, placeholder, hollow, combine, construct Data: Spreadsheet, cell, cell reference, data item, formula, calculation, range, duplicate, sigma, sum, comparison, data set Programming: Variable, project, design, code, test, debug, improve, evaluate, share, assign, random, navigation
Objec	rtives:	 Explain the importance of internet addresses. Show how data is transferred across the internet. Explain how sharing information online can help people to work together. Evaluate different ways of working together online. Recognise how we communicate using technology. Evaluate different methods of online communication.
	sment ia for the	 Demonstrate how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Use good judgement when evaluating digital content Demonstrate how computer networks supports communication and collaboration Be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Design and write programs to solve problems Use sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs Detect and correct errors in programs they have created Explain the uses of networks for collaboration and communication



Year	Module	
6	2	Focus: Creating media – Web page creation
Vocal the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Communication, protocol, data, address, internet protocol (IP), domain name server (DNS), packet, header, data payload, chat, explore, slide deck, remix, collaboration, public, private, one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many Creating media: Hypertext markup language (HTML), logo, header, copyright, fair use, homepage, preview, navigation, hyperlink, subpage, external link, embed, perspective, handles, lift, lower, recolour, placeholder, hollow, combine, construct Data: Spreadsheet, cell, cell reference, data item, formula, calculation, range, duplicate, sigma, sum, comparison, data set Programming: Variable, project, design, code, test, debug, improve, evaluate, share, assign, random, navigation
Objec	rtives:	 Review an existing website and consider its structure Plan the features of a web page Consider the ownership and use of images (copyright) Recognise the need to preview pages Outline the need for a navigation path Recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people
	sment ia for the	 Demonstrate how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Use good judgement when evaluating digital content Demonstrate how computer networks supports communication and collaboration Be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Design and write programs to solve problems Use sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs Detect and correct errors in programs they have created Explain the uses of networks for collaboration and communication



Year	Module	
6	3	Focus: Data and information - Introduction to Spreadsheets
Vocak the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Communication, protocol, data, address, internet protocol (IP), domain name server (DNS), packet, header, data payload, chat, explore, slide deck, remix, collaboration, public, private, one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many Creating media: Hypertext markup language (HTML), logo, header, copyright, fair use, homepage, preview, navigation, hyperlink, subpage, external link, embed, perspective, handles, lift, lower, recolour, placeholder, hollow, combine, construct Data: Spreadsheet, cell, cell reference, data item, formula, calculation, range, duplicate, sigma, sum, comparison, data set Programming: Variable, project, design, code, test, debug, improve, evaluate, share, assign, random, navigation
Objec	tives:	 Create a data set in a spreadsheet. Build a data set in a spreadsheet. Explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated data. Apply formulas to data. Create a spreadsheet to plan an event. Choose suitable ways to present data.
Asses criteri year:	sment a for the	 Demonstrate how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Use good judgement when evaluating digital content Demonstrate how computer networks supports communication and collaboration Be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Design and write programs to solve problems Use sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs Detect and correct errors in programs they have created Explain the uses of networks for collaboration and communication



Year	Module	
6	4	Focus: Programming – Variables in games
Vocak the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Communication, protocol, data, address, internet protocol (IP), domain name server (DNS), packet, header, data payload, chat, explore, slide deck, remix, collaboration, public, private, one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many Creating media: Hypertext markup language (HTML), logo, header, copyright, fair use, homepage, preview, navigation, hyperlink, subpage, external link, embed, perspective, handles, lift, lower, recolour, placeholder, hollow, combine, construct Data: Spreadsheet, cell, cell reference, data item, formula, calculation, range, duplicate, sigma, sum, comparison, data set Programming: Variable, project, design, code, test, debug, improve, evaluate, share, assign, random, navigation
Objec	tives:	 Define 'variable' as something that is changeable. Explain why a variable is used in a program. Choose how to improve a game by using variables. Design a project that builds on a given example. Use my design to create a project. Evaluate my project.
Asses criteri year:	sment a for the	 Demonstrate how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Use good judgement when evaluating digital content Demonstrate how computer networks supports communication and collaboration Be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Design and write programs to solve problems Use sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs Detect and correct errors in programs they have created Explain the uses of networks for collaboration and communication



Year	Module	Focus: Creating media – 3D Modelling
6	5	
Vocate the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Communication, protocol, data, address, internet protocol (IP), domain name server (DNS), packet, header, data payload, chat, explore, slide deck, remix, collaboration, public, private, one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many Creating media: Hypertext markup language (HTML), logo, header, copyright, fair use, homepage, preview, navigation, hyperlink, subpage, external link, embed, perspective, handles, lift, lower, recolour, placeholder, hollow, combine, construct Data: Spreadsheet, cell, cell reference, data item, formula, calculation, range, duplicate, sigma, sum, comparison, data set Programming: Variable, project, design, code, test, debug, improve, evaluate, share, assign, random, navigation
Objectives:		 Recognise that you can work in three dimension in a computer Identify that digital 3D objects can be modified Recognise that objects can be combined in a £D model Create a 3D model for a given purpose Plan my own 3D model Create my own digital 3D model
1	sment ia for the	 Demonstrate how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Use good judgement when evaluating digital content Demonstrate how computer networks supports communication and collaboration Be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Design and write programs to solve problems Use sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs Detect and correct errors in programs they have created Explain the uses of networks for collaboration and communication



Year 6	Module 6	Focus: Programming - Sensing movement
Vocal the ye	oulary for ear:	Computing systems: Communication, protocol, data, address, internet protocol (IP), domain name server (DNS), packet, header, data payload, chat, explore, slide deck, remix, collaboration, public, private, one-way, two-way, one-to-one, one-to-many Creating media: Hypertext markup language (HTML), logo, header, copyright, fair use, homepage, preview, navigation, hyperlink, subpage, external link, embed, perspective, handles, lift, lower, recolour, placeholder, hollow, combine, construct Data: Spreadsheet, cell, cell reference, data item, formula, calculation, range, duplicate, sigma, sum, comparison, data set Programming: Variable, project, design, code, test, debug, improve, evaluate, share, assign, random, navigation
Objec	rtives:	 Create a program to run on a controllable device Explain that selection can control the flow of a program Update a variable with user input Use a conditional statement to compare a variable to a value Design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device Develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device
	sment ia for the	 Demonstrate how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Use good judgement when evaluating digital content Demonstrate how computer networks supports communication and collaboration Be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use and combine software on a range of digital devices Design and write programs to solve problems Use sequence, repetition, inputs, variables and outputs in programs Detect and correct errors in programs they have created Explain the uses of networks for collaboration and communication